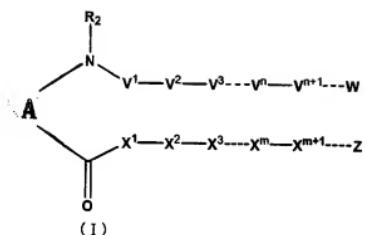


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

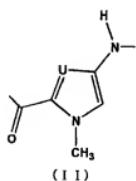
1. (Currently Amended) A ferrocene compound represented by the following general formula (I):

{Chemical Formula-1}

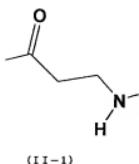


wherein “A” A represents a divalent ferrocene-containing linker or ferrocene-1,1'-yl, R₂ represents a hydrogen atom or alkyl; “n” and “m” n and m represent any natural numbers; and wherein each of V¹ to Vⁿ⁺¹ and each of X¹ to X^{m+1} is independently represented by “V” and “X” represent the following general formula (II) or (II-1):

{Chemical Formula-2}



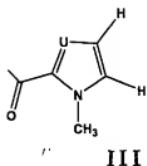
{Chemical Formula-3}



(II-1)

"W" W represents the following general formula (III):

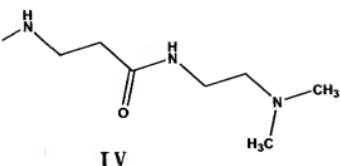
{Chemical Formula 4}



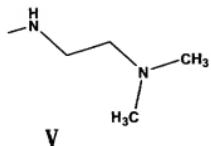
III

wherein "U" U in the general formulae (II) and (III) represents a nitrogen atom, methine or hydroxymethylene; and "Z" Z represents the following general formulae (IV) or (V):

{Chemical Formula 5}



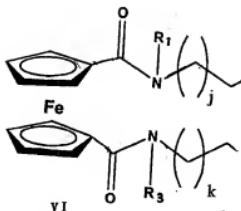
{Chemical Formula-6}



and both ends of each of V^n and X^m in the general formula (I) form a (-CO-NH-) bond except that a bond on the side of the ferrocene-containing linker or ferrocene-1,1'-yl of V^1 is (-CO-NR₂-).

2. (Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 wherein "n" and "m" n and m are natural numbers in the range of 3 – 20.
3. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 or 2 wherein the number of "n" n is smaller by one than that of [["m."]] m.
4. (Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 wherein the ferrocene-containing linker is represented by the following general formula (VI):

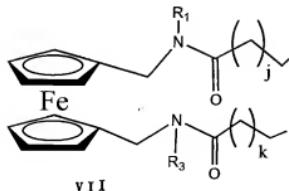
{Chemical Formula-7}



wherein R₁ and R₃ represent a hydrogen atom or alkyl; “j” and “k” j and k represent the same or different integer of from 0 to 5.

5. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 represented by the following ~~general~~ formula (VII):

[Chemical Formula 8]

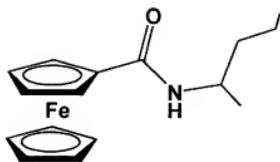


wherein R₁ and R₃ represent a hydrogen atom or alkyl; “j” and “k” j and k represent the same or different integer of from 0 to 5.

6. (Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 Claim 4 wherein “j” and “k” j and k are 1.

7. (Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 Claim 4 wherein R₁ and R₃ represent a hydrogen atom.

8. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 wherein the ferrocene-containing linker is represented by the following general formula (X):
[Chemical Formula 9]

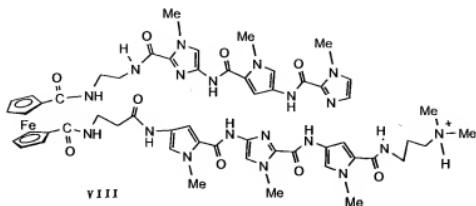


X

9. (Withdrawn) The ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 wherein R₁, R₂ and R₃ represent alkyl having one or several carbon atoms.

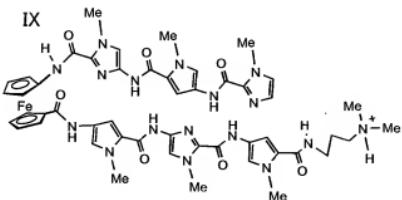
10. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound represented by the following formula (VIII):

[Chemical Formula 10]



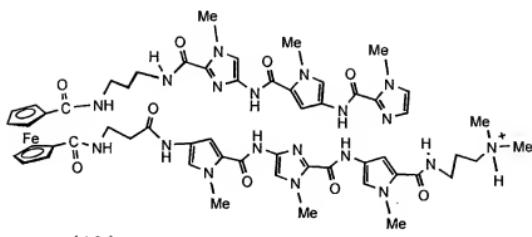
11. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound represented by the following formula (IX):

[Chemical Formula II]



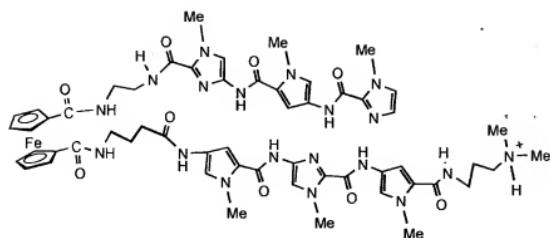
12. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound represented by the following formula (1b):

{Chemical Formula 12}



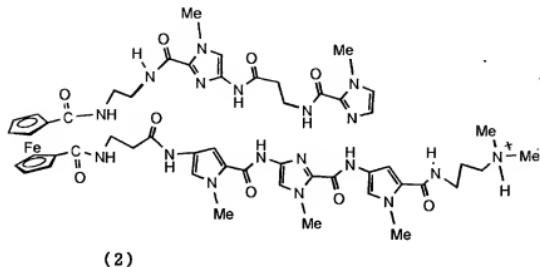
13. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound represented by the following formula (1c):

{Chemical Formula 13}



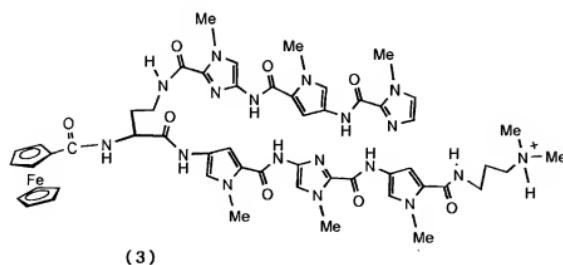
14. (Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound represented by the following formula (2):

[Chemical Formula 14]



15. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The ferrocene compound represented by the following formula (3):

[Chemical Formula 15]



16. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) A method for the production of the ferrocene compound according to Claim 1, comprising a condensation step with the use of ferrocene

methyl dicarboxylate, aminoferrocene methyl carboxylate or ferrocene carboxylic acid as a starting starting material.

17. (Previously Presented) A ligand consisting of the ferrocene compound according to Claim 1 for sequence-specific detection of double-stranded nucleic acid molecules.

18. (Withdrawn) A method for the electrochemical detection of double-stranded nucleic acid molecules with the use of a compound that can sequence-specifically bind to the double-stranded nucleic acid molecules.

19. (Withdrawn) A method for electrochemical detection of double-stranded nucleic acid molecules according to Claim 18 with the use of the ligand according to Claim 17.

20. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 16 which uses the ligand according to Claim 17 wherein each pair of "V" and "X" V and X located in the general formula (I) at a position corresponding to G/C and A/T (U) base pairs in subject double-stranded nucleic acid molecules is composed of imidazole derivative/pyrrole derivative and pyrrole derivative/pyrrole derivative, respectively.

21. (Withdrawn) A method for electrochemical detection according to Claim 18 wherein the double-stranded nucleic acid molecules are formed on solid phase.

22. (Withdrawn) A method for electrochemical detection according to Claim 21, which uses DNA microarray.
23. (Withdrawn) A method for the detection of single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) by the method for electrochemical detection according to Claim 18.
24. (Withdrawn) An apparatus or device for the electrochemical detection with the use of the ligand for sequence-specific detection of double-stranded nucleic acid according to Claim 17.
25. (Withdrawn) The apparatus or device for the electrochemical detection according to Claim 24, which is DNA microarray.